WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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- 1. An analysis device comprising:
- a microporous polymeric membrane integrally bonded to a non-porous injection-molded polymeric support.
- 2. The analysis device of claim 1, wherein the support includes a raised portion, and the membrane is integrally bonded to the raised portion.
- 3. The analysis device according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the membrane has a first and second surface and a bulk disposed between the first and second surface, the bulk having a thickness and wherein the bulk thickness is reduced by the heat and pressure of injection molding when the polymeric support is formed.
- 4. The analysis device according the any one of claims 1-3, wherein the bulk thickness of the membrane is reduced by at least about ten percent when compared to the bulk thickness of the membrane before bonding it to the support.
- 5. The analysis device according to any of claims 1-4, comprising a membrane having a pore structure reduced by at least about ten percent when compared to the pore structure of the membrane before bonding it to the support.
- 6. The analysis device of claim 5, comprising a membrane having an average pore size reduced by at least about ten percent when compared to the average pore size of the membrane before bonding it to the support.
- 7. The analysis device of any one of claims 1-6, wherein the membrane comprises a sulfone membrane.
- 8. The analysis device of any one of claims 1-6, wherein the membrane comprises a polyamide membrane.
- 9. The analysis device of claim 7, wherein the membrane is a polyethersulfone membrane.
 - 10. The analysis device of claim 8, wherein the membrane is a nylon membrane.

- 11. The analysis device of any one of claims 1-10, wherein the membrane comprises a composite including 2 layers.
- 12. The analysis device of any one of claims 1-11, wherein the support comprises a polymer selected from the group consisting of polystyrene, polyolefin, polycarbonate, polyvinyl chloride, polyurethane, and acrylic.
- 13. An analysis device comprising a microporous membrane integrally bonded to a non-porous polymeric support by injection molding.
 - 14. A method for making an analysis device comprising: placing a membrane having a first surface and a second surface in a mold core half; placing the mold core half in contact with a mold cavity half;

injecting a polymer into the mold cavity half such that the polymer contacts the second surface of the membrane, and forming an analysis device comprising a microporous membrane having a first surface and a second surface and a non-porous injection-molded support having a first surface and a second surface, wherein the second surface of the membrane is integrally bonded to the second surface of the support.

- 15. The method of claim 14, wherein the polymer injected into the mold cavity half is selected from the group consisting of polystyrene, polyolefin, polycarbonate, polyvinyl chloride, polyurethane, and acrylic.
- 16. The method of claim 14 or 15, wherein the membrane comprises a polymeric microporous membrane.
 - 17. A method for analyzing biomolecules comprising:

providing at least binding agent comprising one or more probe nucleic acids having nucleotide sequences on a first surface of a microporous membrane of an analysis device such that the probe nucleic acids are immobilized, the probe nucleic acid nucleotide sequences being complementary to a nucleotide sequence of one or more biomolecules of interest,

the analysis device comprising the microporous membrane integrally bonded to a non-porous polymeric injection-molded support, the membrane having a first surface for

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receiving the probe nucleic acids and one or more samples containing the biomolecule(s), the membrane having a second surface integrally bonded to a surface of the support;

depositing the sample(s) onto the first surface of the membrane such that the biomolecule(s) contact the probe nucleic acid(s) and one or more complexes are formed, each formed complex comprising a probe nucleic acid nucleotide sequence bound to the complementary nucleotide sequence of the biomolecule; and,

detecting the complexes.